# PATIENT LEAFLET IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PHARMACISTS' REGULATIONS (PREPARATIONS) - 1986

This medicine is dispensed with a doctor's prescription only

## ZYVOXID® 600 mg **Tablets**



Active ingredient

Each tablet contains: linezolid 600 mg

For a list of inactive ingredients and allergens in the preparation, see section 2 "Important imformation about some of the ingredients of the medicine" and section 6 "Further information".

Read the entire leaflet carefully before using this medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about this medicine. If you have any further questions, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems to you that their medical

## 1. WHAT IS THIS MEDICINE INTENDED FOR?

To treat infections in adults and children that are caused by micro-organisms that are resistant to all other antibiotics and susceptible to linezolid; this includes infections that cause recurrent bacteremia, such as:

- pneumonia (cases contracted in the community and in hospitals).
- skin and soft tissue infections, including diabetic foot infections.
  infections caused by enterococcal bacteria.

### Therapeutic group:

condition is similar.

an antibiotic of the oxazolidinones group.

#### 2. BEFORE USING THIS MEDICINE Do not use this medicine if:

- You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient or to any of the other ingredients in this medicine (see section 6 "Further information")
- You are breastfeeding. This is because this medicine passes into breast milk and could affect the baby.

  You are taking or have taken within the last 14 days any medicines known as monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs) (for example, phenelzine, isocarboxazid, selegiline, moclobemide). These are sometime used to treat depression or Parkinson's disease.

# Special warnings regarding use of the medicine

- Before treatment with Zyvoxid, tell your doctor if:
   You have high blood pressure, whether or not you are taking medicines for this condition.
- You have been diagnosed with an overactive thyroid.
  You have a tumor of the adrenal glands or carcinoid syndrome (caused by tumors of the hormone system with symptoms of diarrhea, flushing of the skin and wheezing sounds when you breathe)
- You suffer from manic depression, schizoaffective disorder, mental confusion or other mental problems.

# Take special care before treatment with Zyvoxid and tell your doctor if:

- You bruise and bleed easily. You are anemic (have a low level of red blood cells).
- You are prone to getting infections.
- You have or have had seizures. You have liver problems or kidney problems, particularly if you are on dialysis (this preparation will be used after your dialysis treatment).
- You have diarrhea.

## Children and adolescents

The use of Zyoxid for the treatment of children with central nervous system infections is not recommended.

### Tests and follow-up

While taking this medicine, patients must have regular blood tests, particularly if they are taking medicines that may cause lower platelet counts and function or if they are taking linezolid for more than two weeks

Vision tests should be conducted in patients taking the medicine for a prolonged period of time (more than 28 days).

Since there is a risk that the combination of Zyvoxid with other medicines may lead to side effects, such as: changes in blood pressure, body temperature or heart rate, the doctor may want to check your general health and the blood pressure before and during the treatment with the medicine or may decide that another treatment is more suitable for you. treatment is more suitable for you.

## **Drug interactions**

If you are taking, or have recently taken, other medicines, including non-prescription medicines and nutritional supplements, tell your doctor or pharmacist.

Particularly, tell your doctor if you are taking or have taken within the last 14 days the following medicines, as Zyvoxid must not be taken in combination with these medicines (see "Do not use this medicine if"):

monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs) (for example phenelzine, isocarboxazid, selegiline, moclobemide) that are sometime used to treat depression or Parkinson's disease.

# Also, tell your doctor before starting this treatment if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- decongestant cold or flu remedies containing pseudoephedrine or phenylpropanolamine.

  - medicines used to treat asthma, such as: salbutamol, terbutaline
- and fenoterol.
- antidepressants known as tricyclics or selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), such as: amitriptyline, citalopram, clomipramine, dosulepin, doxepin, fluoxetine, fluvoxamine, imipramine, lofepramine, paroxetine and sertraline.
- medicines used to treat migraine, such as: sumatriptan and zolmitriptan.
- medicines used to treat sudden, severe allergic reactions, such as: adrenaline (epinephrine).
  medicines which increase your blood pressure, such as:
  noradrenaline (norepinephrine), dopamine and dobutamine.
- medicines used to treat moderate to severe pain, such as: pethidine. - medicines used to treat anxiety disorders, such as: buspirone.
- medicines that stop blood clotting, such as: warfarin.
- an antibiotic called rifampicin.

## Using this medicine and food

You can take this medicine with or without food. Swallow the medicine with some water.

During the course of this treatment, avoid large amounts of foods and drinks that contain a lot of tyramine, such as: wine and draft beer, yeast extracts, soybean extracts (including soy sauce) and foods that have been aged like mature cheese. This is because when combined with this medicine your blood pressure could rise. If you develop a throbbing headache after eating or drinking, tell your doctor immediately.

# Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

If you are pregnant, are planning to become pregnant, or if you are breastfeeding, do not use this medicine before you consult a doctor. breastreeding, do not use this medicine before you consult a doctor. The effect of this medicine in pregnant women is not known. Consult your doctor before starting treatment if you are pregnant or breastfeeding. Tell your doctor immediately if you discover that you are pregnant, think you may be pregnant, or are planning to have a baby or breastfeed.

Zyvoxid may harm your unborn baby so do not use this medicine during pregnancy unless the benefit outweighs the risk.

Do not breastfeed when taking Zyvoxid because it passes into breast milk and could affect the baby. Driving and using machines

This medicine may make you feel dizzy or experience problems with your vision. If this happens, do not drive or operate machines. Caution children against riding a bicycle, playing near a road, and similar activities.

# Important information about some of the ingredients of the

medicine The medicine contains sodium. Zyvoxid contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per 600 mg tablet, that is to say, it is essentially "sodium-free".

## 3. HOW TO USE THIS MEDICINE?

doctor only.

Always use the preparation according to your doctor's instructions. Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are uncertain about the dosage and treatment regimen of the preparation.

The dosage and treatment regimen will be determined by your

The dosage for premature babies, newborns and children under 18 years old will be adjusted by the doctor according to the child's age and weight.

You must complete the course of treatment recommended by your doctor. Do not use this medicine often or for an extended period without consulting a doctor.

Even if your health improves, do not stop taking this medicine without consulting your doctor.

If you stop taking this medicine and your original symptoms come back – contact your doctor immediately.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

Do not crush/split/chew because the tablet is film-coated.

If you have taken an overdose, or if a child has accidentally swallowed some medicine, immediately see a doctor or go to a hospital emergency room and bring the medicine package with you. If you forget to take this medicine at the scheduled time, take

dose as soon as you remember. Count the time to take the next dose from the time you took this dose, but never take a double dose!

Adhere to the treatment as recommended by your doctor. Even if your health improves, do not stop taking this medicine without consulting your doctor.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and dose each time you take medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

If you have any further questions about using this medicine, consult your doctor or pharmacist.

### 4. SIDE EFFECTS

As with any medicine, use of Zyvoxid may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed by this list of side effects; you may not experience any of them.

The serious side effects of Zyvoxid (and their frequencies) are: Stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately in case of:

appearance of severe skin disorders (frequency not known), swelling particularly around the face and neck (frequency not known), wheezing and/or difficulty breathing (frequency not known). These may be signs of an allergic reaction. Severe diarrhea containing blood and/or mucus (antibiotic associated colitis, including pseudomembranous colitis), which in rare circumstances may become life-threatening (rare). If this happens, do not take medicines that slow or stop bowel activity.

## Contact your doctor immediately in case of:

- skin reactions such as: red sore skin with flaking (dermatitis) (uncommon), rash (common), itching (common). problems with your vision, such as: blurred vision (uncommon), changes in color vision (frequency not known), difficulty in seeing detail (frequency not known), or if your field of vision becomes restricted (rare) restricted (rare).
- if you get recurrent nausea or vomiting, abdominal pain or rapid breathing (frequency not known).
- if you lose sensation, or feel tingling or prickling in your arms or legs.
- if you experience seizures or fits (uncommon), agitation, confusion, delirium, muscle rigidity, tremor, incoordination, particularly if you are also taking antidepressants known as selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs) (frequency not known) (see "Drug interactions").
- increased tendency to bleed and bruise, which is due to reduced numbers of certain cells in the blood which may affect blood clotting or lead to anemia (common).
- changes in numbers of certain cells in the blood which may affect your ability to fight infection (common). Signs of infection include: fever (common), sore throat (uncommon), mouth ulcers (uncommon) and tiredness (uncommon).
- inflammation of the pancreas (uncommon)
- convulsions (uncommon).
- transient ischemic attacks (temporary disturbance of blood flow to the brain causing short term symptoms, such as: loss of vision, leg and arm weakness, slurring of speech and loss of consciousness) (uncommon).
- ringing in the ears (tinnitus) (uncommon)
- throbbing headache after eating or drinking. numbness, tingling in the limbs, and blurred vision have been reported by patients who have been given this medicine for more than 28 days.

## Additional side effects

## Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 users):

- · fungal infections especially in the mouth or vagina
- headache metallic taste in the mouth
- indigestion, abdominal pain, diarrhea, constipation, nausea or
- changes in blood test results (including tests measuring your liver or kidney function and blood sugar levels)
- difficulty in sleeping
- · increased blood pressure
- dizziness localized pain
- anemia (low level of red blood cells) Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 users):
- inflammation in the vagina or genital area in women
  tingling sensation or numbness
- inflammation of the veins (with Zyvoxid IV, drip only)
- swollen, sore or discolored tongue · a need to urinate more often
- chills, feeling thirsty increased sweating
- changes in proteins, salts or enzymes in the blood which measure liver or kidney function · low blood sodium levels
- kidney failure
- reduced level of platelets
- · abdominal bloating • increase in creatinine levels
- changes in heart rate (for example, increased heart rate) Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 users):

# · superficial tooth discoloration (removable with professional dental

#### Side effects of unknown frequency: hair loss

- · decrease in blood count · weakness and/or sensory changes

https://sideeffects.health.gov.il 5. HOW TO STORE THE MEDICINE?

# · Avoid poisoning! This and any other medicine should be kept in a

closed place, out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by a doctor. Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) which is stated on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of

that month. Store below 25°C. Protect from light. 6. FURTHER INFORMATION

Microcrystalline cellulose, corn starch, sodium starch glycollate, hydroxypropyl cellulose, magnesium stearate, carnauba wax, Opadry White YS-1-18202-A.

**License Holder and Address:** Pfizer PFE Pharmaceuticals Israel Ltd., 9 Shenkar St., Herzliya Pituach 46725.

Registration number of the medicine in the National Drug Registry of the Ministry of Health: 122.61.30245.01 Revised in December 2022 according to MOH guidelines

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If a side effect occurs, if one of the side effects worsens or if you suffer from a side effect not mentioned in the leaflet, consult the doctor. You can report side effects to the Ministry of Health by following the link "Reporting Side Effects of Drug Treatment" on the Ministry of Health home page (<a href="www.health.gov.il">www.health.gov.il</a>) which links to an online form for reporting side effects or by using the link:

What the medicine looks like and contents of the package: Zyvoxid®: white to off-white tablet debossed with "ZYV" on one side and "600" on the other.

In addition to the active ingredient, this medicine also contains: