## version 4.

Pfizer Pharmaceuticals Israel Ltd.

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- Notice any new growth on the skin or any changes in existing moles or spots.
- Develop symptoms of interstitial lung disease, such as shortness of breath.
- Develop abdominal signs and symptoms such as stomach pain, abdominal pain, blood in your stool, or any change in your bowel habits with fever.
- Develop yellow skin, nausea or vomiting.
- Are due to receive any vaccine. You should not receive certain types of vaccines while taking XELJANZ.
- Become pregnant or plan on becoming pregnant.
- XELJANZ must not be used during pregnancy. Women of childbearing potential should be advised to

use effective contraception during treatment with XELJANZ and for at least 4 weeks after the last dose.

• Women must not breast-feed while being treated with XELJANZ.

## REPORTING OF SUSPECTED ADVERSE REACTIONS

Adverse events can be reported directly to the Ministry of Health using the adverse events reporting portal which is available on the home page of the Ministry of Health website: www.health.gov.il or by this link: https://sideeffects.health.gov.il

Side effects can also be reported to Pfizer by email: isr.aereporting@pfizer.com

This card was approved according to the guidelines of the Ministry of Health on August 2024.

## XELJANZ<sup>®</sup> Patient Safety Information Card



The Bearer of this card is treated with Xeljanz®	This card contains important safety information about XELJANZ.  If you do not understand this information,	and infection.  The treatment with XELJANZ may increase the risk of infections,	Develop symptoms of an infection, such as fever, persistent cough, weight loss, or excessive tiredness.
Patient's Name:	please ask your doctor/pharmacist to explain it to you. Keep this card with you and show it to any doctor or pharmacist	malignancies (including lung cancer, lymphoma, and non melanoma skin cancer).	Develop any symptoms of herpes zoster, such as painful skin rash or blisters.
Doctor's Name:	involved in your care.  If you stop taking XELJANZ, keep this card with you for at least 2 months after taking the last dose of XELJANZ.	Patients aged 65 years and older may be at increased risk of infections, heart attack and some types of cancer. Your doctor may decide that XELJANZ is not	<ul> <li>Have been in close contact with a person with tuberculosis.</li> <li>Develop severe chest pain or tightness (that may spread to arms, jaw, neck and back), shortness of breath, cold</li> </ul>
Doctor's Phone:	See the XELJANZ package leaflet for more information. You should use XELJANZ following the package leaflet.	suitable for you.  Tell your doctor immediately if you:  Develop sudden shortness of breath or	sweat, light headedness or sudden dizziness, as these may be signs of a heart attack.
The date you started taking Xeljanz:	Tell your doctor or your pharmacist about ALL the medicines you take, including prescription and non-prescription medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. Taking XELJANZ with certain medicines may increase your risk of side effects, immunosuppression	difficulty breathing, chest pain or pain in upper back, swelling of the leg or arm, leg pain or tenderness, or redness or discoloration in the leg or arm while taking XELJANZ, as these may be signs of a clot in the lungs or veins.	<ul> <li>Develop any swelling of lymph nodes in your neck, armpits, or groin; constantly feeling tired; fever; night sweats; persistent or worsening cough; difficulty breathing; hoarseness or wheezing; or unexplained weight loss.</li> </ul>
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