

2025 נובמבר

הופאה נכבד/ה,  
הוקח/ת נכבד/ה,

**הנדון: טאלוויי™ 2 מ"ג/מ"ל Talvey® 2mg/ml**  
**טאלוויי™ 40 מ"ג/מ"ל Talvey® 40mg/ml**

בעל הרישום J-C Health Care Ltd. מבקש להודיעכם כי העלונים לרופא ולצרכן של התכשירים שבנדון עודכנו בנובמבר 2025.

פרטי העדכון העיקריים מופיעים בהמשך (טקסט שנוסף מסומן באדום, טקסט שהושמט מסומן כטקסט כחול עם קו-חוצה), אך קיימים עדכונים נוספים.

**מרכיב פעיל:** Talquetamab 2mg/ml  
Talquetamab 40mg/ml

**ההתוויות המאושרות לתכשיר בישראל:**

TALVEY is indicated as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with relapsed and refractory multiple myeloma, who have received at least 3 prior therapies, including an immunomodulatory agent, a proteasome inhibitor, and an anti CD38 antibody and have demonstrated disease progression on the last therapy.

העלונים המעודכנים נשלחו לפרסום במאגר התרופות שבאתר משרד הבריאות:  
<https://israeldrugs.health.gov.il/#!/byDrug>

כמו כן, מצורפים לפרסום זה וניתן לקבל העתק מודפס שלהם באמצעות פנייה לבעל הרישום: J-C Health Care Ltd, קיבוץ שפיים, 6099000, טל': 09-9591111.

בברכה,  
שרון כץ  
הוקחת ממונה

J-C Health Care Ltd.

בהודעה זו כלולים העדכונים המהותיים בלבד.

## עלון לצרכן

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## 2. לפני השימוש בתרופה

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מידע חשוב על חלק מהמרכיבים של התרופה

### **טאלווי מכיל נתרן**

טאלווי מכיל פחות מ-1 מילימול (23 מ"ג) נתרן, כלומר הוא למעשה "נטול נתרן".

### **טאלווי מכיל פוליסורבט 20 (polysorbate 20)**

תרופה זו מכילה 0.4 מ"ג/מ"ל פוליסורבט 20. פוליסורנט עלול לגרום לתגובה אלרגית. ספר לרופא אם יש לך אלרגיות ידועות.

## 4. תופעות לוואי

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**תופעות שאינן שכיחות - תופעות שמופיעות בעד משתמש אחד מתוך 100:**

• חוסר יכולת לתיאום תנועות שרירים

## עלון לרופא

## 2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION

### TALVEY 2 mg/mL solution for injection

One 1.5 mL vial contains 3 mg of talquetamab (2 mg/mL).

### TALVEY 40 mg/mL solution for injection

One 1 mL vial contains 40 mg of talquetamab (40 mg/mL).

Talquetamab is a humanised immunoglobulin g4-proline, alanine, alanine (IgG4-PAA) bispecific antibody directed against G protein-coupled receptor family C group 5 member D (GPCR5D) and the cluster of differentiation 3 (CD3) receptors, produced in Chinese hamster ovary cells by recombinant DNA technology.

### **Excipients with known effect**

**Each dose contains 0.4 mg/mL of polysorbate 20.**

For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

#### 4.4 Special warnings and precautions for use

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##### Excipients

##### Sodium

This medicinal product contains less than 1 mmol (23 mg) sodium per dose, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

##### Polysorbate 20

This medicine contains 0.4 mg/mL of polysorbate 20. Polysorbates may cause allergic reactions.

#### 4.8 Undesirable effects

Tabulated list of adverse reactions

**Table 7: Adverse reactions in patients with multiple myeloma treated with TALVEY in MonumenTAL-1 (N=339)**

| System Organ Class<br>Adverse Reaction                  | Frequency<br>category | Any Grade<br>(%) | Grade 3 or 4<br>(%) |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| <b>Infections and infestations</b>                      |                       |                  |                     |
| Bacterial infection*                                    | Very common           | 40 (12%)         | 11 (3.2%)           |
| Fungal infection*                                       | Very common           | 39 (12%)         | 1 (0.3%)            |
| COVID-19*#                                              | Very common           | 63 (19%)         | 10 (2.9%)           |
| Upper respiratory tract infection*                      | Very common           | 98 (29%)         | 7 (2.1%)            |
| Sepsis*#                                                | Common                | 15 (4.4%)        | 14 (4.1%)           |
| Pneumonia*                                              | Common                | 23 (7%)          | 11 (3.2%)           |
| Viral infection*                                        | Common                | 23 (7%)          | 6 (1.8%)            |
| <b>Blood and lymphatic system disorders</b>             |                       |                  |                     |
| Neutropenia*                                            | Very common           | 119 (35%)        | 103 (30%)           |
| Anaemia*                                                | Very common           | 158 (47%)        | 99 (29%)            |
| Thrombocytopenia                                        | Very common           | 101 (30%)        | 71 (21%)            |
| Lymphopenia                                             | Very common           | 91 (27%)         | 83 (25%)            |
| Leukopenia                                              | Very common           | 62 (18%)         | 38 (11%)            |
| Haemorrhage <sup>1</sup>                                | Common                | 27 (8%)          | 5 (1.5%)            |
| Febrile neutropenia                                     | Common                | 7 (2.1%)         | 7 (2.1%)            |
| <b>Immune system disorders</b>                          |                       |                  |                     |
| Cytokine release syndrome                               | Very common           | 260 (77%)        | 5 (1.5%)            |
| Hypogammaglobulinaemia <sup>2</sup>                     | Very common           | 227 (67%)        | 0                   |
| <b>Metabolism and nutrition disorders</b>               |                       |                  |                     |
| Decreased appetite                                      | Very common           | 76 (22%)         | 4 (1.2%)            |
| Hypokalaemia                                            | Very common           | 55 (16%)         | 12 (3.5%)           |
| Hypophosphataemia*                                      | Very common           | 49 (15%)         | 21 (6%)             |
| Hypomagnesaemia                                         | Very common           | 35 (11%)         | 0                   |
| <b>Nervous system disorders</b>                         |                       |                  |                     |
| Immune effector cell-associated neurotoxicity syndrome* | Very common           | 26 (10%)         | 6 (2.3%)            |
| Encephalopathy <sup>3</sup>                             | Very common           | 36 (11%)         | 0                   |
| Headache*                                               | Very common           | 69 (20%)         | 2 (0.6%)            |
| Motor dysfunction <sup>4</sup>                          | Very common           | 38 (11%)         | 2 (0.6%)            |

|                                                           |             |           |           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| Dizziness*                                                | Very common | 42 (12%)  | 8 (2.4%)  |
| Sensory neuropathy <sup>5</sup>                           | Very common | 34 (10%)  | 0         |
| Ataxia                                                    | Uncommon    | 1 (0.3%)  | 0         |
| <b>Respiratory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders</b>    |             |           |           |
| Cough*                                                    | Very common | 78 (23%)  | 0         |
| Dyspnoea <sup>6#</sup>                                    | Very common | 39 (12%)  | 5 (1.5%)  |
| <b>Gastrointestinal disorders</b>                         |             |           |           |
| Dysgeusia <sup>†7</sup>                                   | Very common | 245 (72%) | 0         |
| Dry mouth <sup>‡</sup>                                    | Very common | 122 (36%) | 0         |
| Dysphagia                                                 | Very common | 82 (24%)  | 3 (0.9%)  |
| Diarrhoea                                                 | Very common | 84 (25%)  | 4 (1.2%)  |
| Stomatitis <sup>8</sup>                                   | Very common | 67 (20%)  | 4 (1.2%)  |
| Nausea                                                    | Very common | 64 (19%)  | 0         |
| Constipation                                              | Very common | 61 (18%)  | 0         |
| Oral pain*                                                | Very common | 42 (12%)  | 0         |
| Abdominal pain*                                           | Very common | 35 (10%)  | 1 (0.3%)  |
| Vomiting                                                  | Very common | 34 (10%)  | 2 (0.6%)  |
| <b>Skin and subcutaneous tissue disorders</b>             |             |           |           |
| Rash*                                                     | Very common | 132 (39%) | 12 (3.5%) |
| Skin disorder*                                            | Very common | 124 (37%) | 0         |
| Xerosis <sup>9</sup>                                      | Very common | 109 (32%) | 0         |
| Pruritus                                                  | Very common | 79 (23%)  | 1 (0.3%)  |
| Nail disorder*                                            | Very common | 191 (56%) | 0         |
| Palmar-plantar erythrodysesthesia syndrome                | Common      | 31 (9%)   | 0         |
| Alopecia                                                  | Common      | 30 (9%)   | 0         |
| <b>Musculoskeletal and connective tissue disorders</b>    |             |           |           |
| Musculoskeletal pain*                                     | Very common | 164 (48%) | 12 (3.5%) |
| <b>General disorders and administrate site conditions</b> |             |           |           |
| Fatigue*                                                  | Very common | 147 (43%) | 12 (3.5%) |
| Weight decreased                                          | Very common | 134 (40%) | 11 (3.2%) |
| Pyrexia*                                                  | Very common | 113 (33%) | 6 (1.8%)  |
| Pain*                                                     | Very common | 76 (22%)  | 7 (2.1%)  |
| Oedema <sup>10</sup>                                      | Very common | 59 (17%)  | 0         |
| Injection site reaction <sup>11</sup>                     | Very common | 45 (13%)  | 0         |
| Chills                                                    | Very common | 39 (12%)  | 1 (0.3%)  |
| <b>Investigations</b>                                     |             |           |           |
| Fibrinogen decreased                                      | Very common | 52 (15%)  | 12 (3.5%) |
| aPTT prolonged                                            | Very common | 49 (15%)  | 0         |
| Transaminase elevation <sup>12</sup>                      | Very common | 48 (14%)  | 12 (3.5%) |
| INR increased                                             | Very common | 47 (14%)  | 1 (0.3%)  |
| Gamma-glutamyltransferase increased                       | Very common | 36 (11%)  | 16 (4.7%) |

Adverse reactions are coded using MedDRA Version 24.0.

<sup>‡</sup> Per CTCAE v4.03, maximum toxicity grade for dysgeusia is 2 and maximum toxicity grade for dry mouth is 3.

\* Grouped term

# Contains fatal outcome(s)

<sup>1</sup> Haemorrhage includes: Conjunctival haemorrhage, Epistaxis, Haematoma, Haematuria, Lower gastrointestinal haemorrhage, Periorbital haemorrhage, Petechiae, Rectal haemorrhage, Subdural haematoma and Vaginal haemorrhage.

<sup>2</sup> Hypogammaglobulinaemia includes: hypogammaglobulinaemia and/or subjects with laboratory IgG levels below 500 mg/dL following treatment with talquetamab.

<sup>3</sup> Encephalopathy includes: agitation, amnesia, aphasia, bradyphrenia, confusional state, delirium, disorientation, encephalopathy, hallucination, lethargy, memory impairment, restlessness, sleep disorder and somnolence.

<sup>4</sup> Motor dysfunction includes: dysgraphia, dysphonia, gait disturbance, muscle spasms, muscular weakness and tremor.

<sup>5</sup> Sensory neuropathy includes: dysaesthesia, hypoaesthesia, hypoaesthesia oral, neuralgia, peripheral sensory neuropathy, sciatica and vestibular neuronitis.

<sup>6</sup> Dyspnoea includes: acute respiratory failure, dyspnoea, dyspnoea exertional, respiratory failure and tachypnoea.

<sup>7</sup> Dysgeusia includes: ageusia, dysgeusia, hypogeusia and taste disorder.

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- <sup>8</sup> Stomatitis includes: cheilitis, glossitis, glossodynia, mouth ulceration, oral discomfort, oral mucosal erythema, oral pain, stomatitis, swollen tongue, tongue discomfort, tongue erythema, tongue oedema and tongue ulceration.
- <sup>9</sup> Xerosis includes: dry eye, dry skin and xerosis.
- <sup>10</sup> Oedema includes: fluid retention, gingival swelling, hypervolaemia, joint swelling, lip swelling, oedema, oedema peripheral, periorbital oedema, peripheral swelling and swelling.
- <sup>11</sup> Injection site reaction includes: injection site discomfort, injection site erythema, injection site haemorrhage, injection site inflammation, injection site irritation, injection site plaque, injection site pruritus, injection site rash and injection site reaction.
- <sup>12</sup> Transaminase elevation includes: alanine aminotransferase increased, aspartate aminotransferase increased, and transaminases increased.

## 5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties

### Immunogenicity

In MonumenTAL-1, 363 ~~328~~ patients treated with subcutaneous talquetamab monotherapy at 0.4 mg/kg weekly or 0.8 mg/kg biweekly (every 2 weeks), with or without prior T cell redirection therapy, were evaluated for antibodies to talquetamab. Following treatment 0.4 mg/kg weekly or 0.8 mg/kg biweekly (every 2 weeks), 130 ~~106~~ of 363 ~~328~~ patients (~~32.3~~ 35.8%) developed anti-talquetamab antibodies. **The incidence of treatment-emergent neutralising antibodies against talquetamab was 18.2% (66/363).** **There was no clinically meaningful impact of anti-talquetamab antibodies on the pharmacokinetics, safety, or effectiveness of talquetamab.**

~~The limited number of anti-talquetamab antibody (ADA) positive subjects and the lack of information of the neutralising ADA, preclude drawing a definite conclusion regarding the effect of the neutralising ADAs on clinical parameters.~~