Veterinary Physician's Prescribing Information

VETMEDIN 1.25 MG / 5 MG / 10 MG VETERINARY

1. TRADE NAME OF MEDICINAL PRODUCT:

VETMEDIN 1.25 MG VETERINARY
VETMEDIN 5 MG VETERINARY
VETMEDIN 10 MG VETERINARY

2. QUALITATIVE AND QUANTITATIVE COMPOSITION:

Each chewable tablet contains:

Trade name of medicinal product:	Active substance:
Vetmedin 1.25 mg Veterinary	Pimobendan 1.25 mg per tablet
Vetmedin 5 mg Veterinary	Pimobendan 5 mg per tablet
Vetmedin 10 mg Veterinary	Pimobendan 10 mg per tablet

Excipients: For the full list of excipients, see section 6.1.

3. PHARMACEUTICAL FORM

Chewable tablet.
Brownish, oval, divisible tablet, scored on both sides.
The chewable tablet can be divided into two equal parts.

4. CLINICAL PARTICULARS

4.1 Target species: Dogs

4.2 Indications for use, specifying the target species:

- For the treatment of canine congestive heart failure originating from dilated cardiomyopathy or valvular insufficiency (mitral and/or tricuspid valve regurgitation).
- For the treatment of dilated cardiomyopathy in the preclinical stage (asymptomatic with an increase in left ventricular end-systolic and end-diastolic diameter) in Doberman Pinschers following echocardiographic diagnosis of cardiac disease.
- For the treatment of dogs with myxomatous mitral valve disease (MMVD) in the preclinical stage (asymptomatic with a systolic mitral murmur and evidence of increased heart size) to delay the onset of clinical symptoms of heart failure.

4.3 Contraindications: Do not use pimobendan in hypertrophic cardiomyopathies or in diseases in which an improvement in cardiac output cannot be achieved for functional or anatomical reasons (e.g. aortic stenosis).
Since pimobendan is metabolised mainly via the liver, it should not be used in dogs with severe impairment of liver function.
Do not use in cases of hypersensitivity to the active substance or to any of the excipients.

4.4 Special warnings for each target species: The veterinary medicinal product has not been tested in cases of asymptomatic DCM in Dobermans with atrial fibrillation or sustained ventricular tachycardia.
The veterinary medicinal product has not been tested in cases of asymptomatic myxomatous mitral valve disease in dogs with significant supraventricular and/or ventricular tachyarrhythmia.

4.5 Special precautions for use:

Special precautions for use in animals: The blood glucose should be tested regularly during treatment in dogs with existing diabetes mellitus.
For use in the preclinical stage of dilated cardiomyopathy (asymptomatic with an increase in left ventricular end-systolic and end-diastolic diameter), a diagnosis should be made by means of a comprehensive cardiac examination (incl. echocardiographic examination and possibly Holter monitoring).

For use in the preclinical stage of myxomatous mitral valve disease (stage B2, according to ACVIM consensus: asymptomatic with mitral murmur ≥3/6 and cardiomegaly due to myxomatous mitral valve disease), a diagnosis should be made by means of a comprehensive physical and cardiac examination which should include echocardiography or radiography where appropriate.

Monitoring of cardiac function and morphology is recommended in animals treated with pimobendan.

The chewable tablets are flavoured. In order to avoid any accidental ingestion, store tablets out of reach of animals.

Special precautions to be taken by the person administering the veterinary medicinal product to animals: Wash hands after use.
To avoid accidental ingestion of the veterinary medicinal product by a child, divided or unused tablets should be returned to the open blister pocket and placed back in the cardboard box.
In case of accidental ingestion, seek medical advice immediately and show the package leaflet or the label to the physician.
Advice to doctors: accidental ingestion, especially by a child, may lead to the occurrence of tachycardia, orthostatic hypotension, flushing of the face and headaches.

Special precautions for the protection of the environment: Not applicable.

Other precautions: Not applicable

4.6 Adverse reactions (frequency and seriousness):

Dogs:

Rare (1 to 10 animals / 10,000 animals treated):	- Vomiting[1], diarrhoea[2] - Anorexia[2], lethargy[2] - Increased heart rate[1,3], increase in mitral valve regurgitation[4]
Very rare (< 1 animal / 10,000 animals treated, including isolated reports):	- Mucosa petechiae[5], haemorrhage[5] (subcutaneous)

1 These effects are dose-dependent and can be avoided by reducing the dose.
2 Transient.
3 Due to a slight positively chronotropic effect.
4 Observed during chronic pimobendan treatment in dogs with mitral valve disease.
5 A relationship with pimobendan has not been clearly established, signs disappear when the treatment is withdrawn.

Reporting of suspected adverse reactions:
Reporting suspected adverse reactions after authorisation of the medicinal product is important. It allows continued monitoring of the benefit / risk balance of the medicinal product.
Any suspected adverse events should be reported to the Ministry of Health according to the National Regulation by using an online form:
https://sideeffects.health.gov.il /

4.7 Use during pregnancy, lactation or lay:
Pregnancy and lactation: Laboratory studies in rats and rabbits have not produced any evidence of teratogenic or foetotoxic effects. However, these studies have shown evidence of maternotoxic and embryotoxic effects at high doses, and have also shown that pimobendan is excreted into milk. The safety of the veterinary medicinal product has not been established during pregnancy and lactation in bitches.
Use only according to the benefit-risk assessment by the responsible veterinarian.

4.8 Interaction with other medicinal products and other forms of interaction: In pharmacological studies no interaction between the cardiac glycoside ouabain (strophanthin) and pimobendan was observed. The pimobendaninduced increase in cardiac contractility is attenuated by the calcium antagonists verapamil and diltiazem and by the β-antagonist propranolol.

4.9 Amounts to be administered and administration route:
Oral use.

VETMEDIN VETERINARY products are not substitutes to other medicines containing the active ingredient Pimobendan, thus do not exchange them unless approved by the veterinarian.

To ensure a correct dosage, body weight should be determined as accurately as possible.
A dosage range of 0.2 mg to 0.6 mg pimobendan/kg body weight, divided into two daily doses, should be respected.
The preferable daily dose is 0.5 mg pimobendan/kg body weight, divided into two daily doses (0.25 mg/kg bodyweight each) approximately 12 hours apart.

For a body weight of 5 kg, this corresponds to one 1.25 mg chewable tablet in the morning and one 1.25 mg chewable tablet in the evening.
For a body weight of 20 kg, this corresponds to one 5 mg chewable tablet in the morning and one 5 mg chewable tablet in the evening.
For a body weight of 40 kg, this corresponds to one 10 mg chewable tablet in the morning and one 10 mg chewable tablet in the evening.

Dog's body weight	Morning dosage	Evening dosage
5 kg	1 × 1.25 mg chewable tablet	1 × 1.25 mg chewable tablet
20 kg	1 × 5 mg chewable tablet	1 × 5 mg chewable tablet
40 kg	1 × 10 mg chewable tablet	1 × 10 mg chewable tablet

Do not exceed the recommended dosage.
Administration of pimobendan should take place approximately one hour before feeding.
Pimobendan may also be used in combination with a diuretic, e.g. furosemide or torasemide.

To allow accurate dosing according to body weight, the chewable tablet can be halved along the designated score line.

4.10 Overdose (symptoms, emergency procedures, antidotes), if necessary: An overdose may cause a positive chronotropic effect, vomiting, apathy, ataxia, heart murmurs or hypotension. In this situation, the dosage should be reduced and appropriate symptomatic treatment should be initiated.
In prolonged exposure (6 months) of healthy beagle dogs at 3 and 5 times the recommended dose, mitral valve thickening and left ventricular hypertrophy were observed in some dogs. These changes are of pharmacodynamic origin.

4.11 Withdrawal period: Not applicable.

5. PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES:
Pharmacotherapeutic group: Cardiac stimulants excl. cardiac glycosides, phosphodiesterase inhibitors. ATCvet Code: QC01CE90

5.1 Pharmacodynamic properties: Pimobendan, a benzimadazole-pyridazinone derivative has a positively inotropic action and possesses pronounced vasodilator properties.

The positive inotropic effect of pimobendan is mediated by a dual mechanism of action: increase in calcium sensitivity of cardiac myofilaments and inhibition of phosphodiesterase III. Thus the positive inotropism is triggered neither by an action similar to that of the cardiac glycosides nor sympathomimetically.
The vasodilator effect arises from inhibition of phosphodiesterase III.

When used in cases of symptomatic valvular insufficiency in conjunction with furosemide the veterinary medicinal product has been shown to improve the quality of life and extend life expectancy in treated dogs.

When used in a limited number of cases of symptomatic dilated cardiomyopathy in conjunction with furosemide, enalapril and digoxin, the veterinary medicinal product has been shown to improve the quality of life and to extend life expectancy in treated dogs.

In a randomized and placebo controlled study in 363 dogs with preclinical myxomatous mitral valve disease, all dogs met the following inclusion criteria: age ≥ 6 years, bodyweight ≥ 4.1 and ≤ 15 kg, characteristic systolic heart murmur of moderate to high intensity (≥ grade 3/6) with maximal intensity over the mitral area; echocardiographic evidence of advanced myxomatous mitral valve disease (MMVD) defined as characteristic valvular lesions of the mitral valve apparatus, echocardiographic evidence of left atrial and left ventricular dilatation and radiographic evidence of cardiomegaly (vertebral heart sum (VHS) > 10.5. The median time to onset of clinical signs of heart failure or cardiac death/euthanasia was extended in these dogs by approximately 15 months. Additionally, there was a reduction in the heart size of dogs treated with pimobendan in the preclinical stage of myxomatous mitral valve disease. Furthermore, overall survival time was prolonged by approximately 170 days in all dogs receiving pimobendan independent of their cause of death (cardiac death/ euthanasia and non-cardiac death/euthanasia). Cardiac related death or euthanasia occurred in 15 dogs in the pimobendan group and 12 dogs in the placebo group prior to the onset of CHF. Dogs in the pimobendan group spent a longer time in the study (347.4 patient years) than those in the placebo group (267.7 patient years) resulting in a lower rate of occurrence.

In a randomized and placebo controlled study including Doberman Pinschers with preclinical dilated cardiomyopathy (asymptomatic with an increase in left ventricular end-systolic and end-diastolic diameter following echocardiographic diagnosis), the time to onset of congestive heart failure or sudden death was extended and survival time was prolonged among dogs administered pimobendan.
Additionally, there was a reduction in the heart size of dogs treated with pimobendan in the preclinical stage of dilated cardiomyopathy. Efficacy evaluation is based on data from 19 (of 39) and 25 (of 37) dogs that reached the primary efficacy endpoint in the pimobendan and the placebo group, respectively.

5.2 Pharmacokinetic particulars:
Absorption: After oral administration of this veterinary medicinal product the absolute bioavailability of its active substance is 60 - 63%. Since simultaneous or previous food intake reduces the bioavailability, pimobendan should be administered about 1 hour before feeding.

Distribution: The volume of distribution is 2.6 l/kg, indicating that pimobendan is distributed readily into the tissues. The mean plasma protein binding is 93%.

Metabolism: The compound is demethylated by oxidation to the major active metabolite (UD-CG212). Further metabolic steps are phase II conjugates of UD-CG212, such as glucuronides and sulphates.

Elimination: The plasma elimination half-life of pimobendan is 0.4 ± 0.1 hours, which corresponds to the high clearance of 90 ± 19 ml/min/kg and the short mean residence of 0.5 ± 0.1 hours.
The most significant active metabolite is eliminated with a plasma elimination half-life of 2.0 ± 0.3 hours. Almost the entire dose is eliminated in the faeces.

6. PHARMACEUTICAL PARTICULARS:
6.1 List of excipients: Lactose Monohydrate, Liver Powder Flavour, Microcrystalline Cellulose, Starch Pregelatinized, Sodium Starch Glycolate (Type A), Dried Yeast, Macrogol 6000, Talc, Stearoyl Macrogolglycerides, Magnesium Stearate.

6.2 Major incompatibilities: Not applicable.

6.3 Shelf life: The expiry date of the product is indicated on the blister and carton box. Do not use after the expiry date.
Shelf life of the divided (halved) tablets: 3 days.

6.4 Special precautions for storage: Do not store above 25°C.
Divided tablets should be returned to the open blister pocket and placed back in the cardboard box.

6.5 Nature and composition of immediate packaging: Heat sealed Aluminium / PVC / Aluminium / Polyamide blister strip containing 10 tablets.
Cardboard box with 2 blister strips of 10 tablets (20 tablets), 5 blister strips of 10 tablets (50 tablets) or 10 blister strips of 10 tablets (100 tablets).
Not all packs sizes may be marketed.

6.6 Special precautions for the disposal of unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from the use of such products: Medicines should not be disposed of via wastewater.
Any unused veterinary medicinal product or waste materials derived from such veterinary medicinal product should be disposed of in accordance with local requirements.

7. Israeli Drug Registration Number:
Vetmedin 1.25 mg Veterinary: 180-54-36494-99
Vetmedin 5 mg Veterinary: 180-55-36495-99
Vetmedin 10 mg Veterinary: 180-56-36496-99

8. Manufacturer: Boehringer Ingelheim Vetmedica GmbH, Ingelheim am Rhein, Germany.

9. Israeli Marketing Authorization Holder: Beit Erez Havat Milatin Ltd., P.O.B. 209, Mishmar Hashiva 50297, Israel.

10. Approved on: 11/2025

[Internal code: VTMDN-VET-DCTR-12/25 dated 09/12/2025]