Patient package insert according to Pharmacists' Regulations (Preparations) - 1986

This medicine can be sold with a physician's prescription only

Alloril[®] Tablets 100 mg. 300 mg

Alloril 100: Each tablet contains 100 mg Allopurinol. Alloril 300: Each tablet contains 300 mg Allopurinol.

Inactive ingredients and allergens in the medicine - see section 6 "Additional Information" and section 2 "Important information about some of the ingredients of this medicine"

Read this entire leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist

This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if you think that their medical condition is the same as vours.

1. What is the Medicine Intended for?

For the treatment of gout attacks and other conditions related to an excess of uric acid in the body, by reducing the concentration of uric acid in the blood and urine

Therapeutic group: An inhibitor of xanthine oxidase, the enzyme responsible for uric acid production.

2. Before Using the Medicine Do not use the medicine if:

You are hypersensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient (allopurinol) or to any of the additional ingredients this medicine contains (see section

If you are not sure, consult your doctor or pharmacist before taking Alloril.

Special warnings regarding the use of this medicine: Before treatment with Alloril, tell your doctor

 vou are of Han Chinese. Thai or Korean origin. • you have liver or kidney problems. Your doctor may prescribe a lower dosage for you or ask you to take the medicine less often than every day. Your doctor will also monitor your condition more closely

• you have heart problems or high blood pressure and you take diuretics and/or medicines called ACE-inhibitors (angiotensinconverting-enzyme inhibitors).

 vou are currently having a gout attack. vou have thyroid problems. Take special care while taking the medicine: Serious skin rashes (hypersensitivity syndrome. Stevens-Johnson syndrome, toxic epidermal necrolysis) have been reported in patients taking allopurinol. Frequently, the rash can be accompanied by ulcers of the mouth. throat, nose, genitals and conjunctivitis (red fever, headache, body ache. The rash may progress to widespread blistering and peeling more common in people of Han Chinese. Thai or Korean origin. Additionally, chronic kidney disease may increase the risk in these patients. If you develop a rash or these skin symptoms, stop taking this medicine and contact your doctor immediately. Also see section 4 "Side Effects". . If you have cancer or Lesch-Nyhan syndrome the amount of uric acid in your urine may increase. To prevent this, you need to be sure to drink sufficiently to dilute your urine. If you have kidney stones, they may become smaller and may enter your urinary tract. Children: This medicine is rarely administered to children except in certain types of cancer (especially leukaemia) and certain enzymatic disorders (such as Lesch-Nyhan syndrome). Drug interactions: taken any other medicines, including nonprescription drugs and dietary supplements. cases, do not drive or use machines affect the way some medicines work. Also, other a bicycle or playing near roads etc. medicines may affect the way Alloril works. Inform your doctor or pharmacist especially if you are taking: aspirin, salicylates. theophylline, used to treat breathing problems. • medicines used to treat seizures (epilepsy) phenytoin

 vidarabine, used to treat herpes or chickenpox. antibiotics (ampicillin or amoxicillin). didanosine, used to treat HIV infection medicines used to treat cancer (such as 6-mercaptopurin) medicines used to reduce your immune response (such as: azathioprine, cyclosporine)

medicines used to treat diabetes (chlorpropamide) medicines used to treat heart problems or high blood pressure such as ACE-inhibitors or diuretics (such as thiazides). medicines used to thin your blood (anticoagulants). such as warfarin. • other medicines used to treat dout (such as probenecid). and swollen eyes). These serious skin rashes If aluminum hydroxide is taken concomitantly are often preceded by flu-like symptoms; allopurinol may have a weakened effect. Wait at least 3 hours between taking the two medicines. of the skin. These serious skin reactions can be When taking allopurinol and cytostatic medicines (e.g., cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, bleomycin, procarbazine, alkyl halides) blood dyscrasias occur more frequently than when these active maximum dosage is 400 mg per day. substances are taken alone. Therefore, blood count monitoring should be performed at regular intervals. Use of this medicine and food: Take the medicine after a meal (also see section 3 "How to use this medicine"). Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility: If you are pregnant, may be pregnant or are regarding crushing or chewing, breastfeeding, consult the doctor before taking this medicine allopurinol while breastfeeding is not recommended. Driving and using machines: If you are taking or if you have recently Use of this medicine may cause drowsiness, dizziness or coordination problems. In these tell vour doctor or pharmacist, since Alloril may As for children, they should be wamed about riding If you forgot to take the medicine Important information about some of the

incredients of this medicine Alloril contains lactose. If you have been told in the past by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, consult your doctor before starting treatment with this medicine. This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per tablet, that is to say essentially "sodium free" 3. How to Use This Medicine Always use this medicine according to your Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the of 10,000 users):

doctor's instructions. You must check with your label and dose each time you take a medicine.

medicine. The dosage and manner of treatment will be when reading the list of side effects. You may not determined by the doctor only. The usual recommended dosage is 100-800 mg each day. You will usually start on a low dosage (to reduce the risk of possible side effects) which will be increased if necessary. If you are an older person or if you have poor liver or kidnev function. vour doctor may prescribe a The symptoms can include: lower dosage or instruct you to take the medicine at longer intervals. If you undergo dialysis two or three times a week, your doctor may prescribe a dosage of 300 or 400 mg to be taken immediately after your dialysis.

> of 10.000 users); The dosage regimen in children (under the age of 15) is calculated according to body weight. The

doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure of the 4. Side effects

Do not exceed the recommended dose

How to take the medicine:

vour doctor.

· bleeding in the lips, eves, mouth, nose or Take the medicine after the meal with a glass of water Alloril 100: Do not halve due to lack of score-line There is no information regarding crushing or chewing

Alloril 300: Can be halved. There is no information

If you have accidentally taken a higher dosage Allopurinol is secreted in breast milk. Taking If you have taken an overdose or if a child has accidentally swallowed the medicine, proceed immediately to a doctor or hospital emergency room and bring the package of the medicine with vou. Signs of an overdose can include: nausea. vomiting, diarrhoea and dizziness.

If you forgot to take this medicine at the designated time, take a dose as soon as you remember. However, if it is almost time for your next dose, skip the forgotten dose. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

Continue with the treatment as recommended by 1-10 out of 1.000 users); vour doctor Even if there is an improvement in your health, do not stop taking this medicine without consulting . diarrhoea

liver problems, such as liver inflammation.

Wear glasses if you need them. If you have further questions on the use of this than 1 in 10.000 users): medicine. consult your doctor or pharmacist.

dosage and the manner of treatment with the Like any medicine, the use of Alloril may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed Uncommon side effects (effects that appear in high temperature If you have a hypersensitivity (allergic) reaction stop taking Alloril and see a doctor immediately. (hyperlipidemia) flaking skin, blisters or soreness in the lips and very rarely signs can include sudden wheezing. or loss of consciousness fluttering or tightness in the chest, and collapse. Rare side effects (effects that appear in 1-10 out disturbances · fever and chills, headache, aching muscles pressure or a slow pulse. (flu-like symptoms) and generally feeling unwell. serious hypersensitivity reactions involving fever. skin rash, joint pain, and abnormalities in blood women. and liver function tests (these can be signs of a

 a change in your normal bowel activity, changes in taste

abnormal glucose metabolism (diabetes). Your

doctor may wish to measure the level of sugar in

Side effects with unknown frequency (effects for

which a frequency has not yet been determined):

your blood to check if this is happening.

symptoms include stiff neck, headache

which is not mentioned in this leaflet.

nausea, fever or consciousness clouding.

If a side effect appears, if one of the side effects

worsens or if you suffer from a side effect

cataract hair loss or discolouration.

effects occur.

consult the doctor.

 any changes to your skin, for example: ulcers of depression. the mouth, throat, nose, genitals, conjunctivitis lack of coordination of voluntary muscle (red and swollen eves), widespread blistering or movements (ataxia) peeling of the skin. sensation of tingling, tickling, pricking or burning

Very rare side effects (effects that appear in less of the skin (paraesthesia) than 1 in of 10.000 users): build-up of fluid leading to swelling (oedema) serious allergic reaction that causes swelling of particularly of your ankles.

the face or throat severe, potentially life-threatening allergic

reaction. Do not take any more tablets of Alloril unless your

doctor tells you to do so.

multi-organ sensitivity disorder).

Additional side effects:

suffer from any of them.

1-10 out of 1.000 users):

Hypersensitivity

mouth

genitals.

Common side effects (effects that appear in 1-10 that surround the brain and spinal cord): out of 100 users): Skin rash. Increase in the level of thyroid stimulating Seek medical attention immediately if these hormone (TSH) in the blood.

Uncommon side effects (effects that appear in nausea or vomiting. abnormal liver function tests.

Rare side effects (effects that appear in 1-10 out

Very rare side effects (effects that appear in less

 occasionally the medicine may affect your blood. which can manifest as bruising more easily than usual, or you could develop a sore throat or other signs of an infection. These effects usually occur in people with liver or kidney problems. Tell your doctor as soon as possible the medicine may affect the lymph nodes. blood in vour urine (hematuria) high levels of cholesterol in your blood a general feeling of illness or weakness. weakness, numbress, unsteadiness on your feet, feeling unable to move muscles (paralysis) headache, dizziness, drowsiness or vision chest pain (angina pectoris), high blood male infertility or erectile dysfunction. enlargement of the breasts, in men as well as

6. Additional information

Lactose monohydrate, maize starch, sodium starch glycolate, hypromellose, glycerol, povidone, magnesium stearate, titanium dioxide, macrogol 400, camauba wax.

package contains:

on both sides

on both sides. scored on one side.

Alloril 100: 10, 50, 100, 1000 tablets. Aseptic meningitis (inflammation of the membranes Alloril 300: 10, 20, 30, 50, 100. 1000 tablets. Not all package sizes may be marketed.

Revised in April 2022 according to MOH guidelines.

Drug registration number at the national drug registry of the Ministry of Health: Alloril 100: 039-76-26038-00 Alloril 300: 039-74-26039-00

Side effects can be reported to the Ministry of Health via the link

Manufacturer and registration holder: "דיווח על תופעות לוואי עקב טיפול תרופתי" that can t Dexcel[®]Ltd. found on the home page of the Ministry of Health 1 Dexcel St., Or Akiva 3060000, Israel website (www.health.gov.il) directing to the online form for adverse events reporting, or via the following link: https://sideeffects.health.gov.il

5. How to Store the Medicine

 Avoid poisoning! This medicine and any other medicine must be stored in a closed place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by your doctor. Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (תאריר תפוגה) stated on the package. The expirv date refers to the last day of that month. · Storage conditions: Store at a temperature below 25°C.

 Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Return tablets no longer in use or not required to the pharmacist for disposal. Keep the tablets only if your doctor tells you to. These measures will help to protect the environment.

In addition to the active ingredient, this medicine also contains:

What the medicine looks like and what the

Alloril 100: white, round, coated tablets, convex

Alloril 300: white, round, coated tablets, convex

Approved package sizes:

Alloril PIL PB0622-07