PATIENT LEAFLET IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PHARMACISTS' REGULATIONS

(PREPARATIONS) - 1986

This medicine is dispensed without a doctor's prescription Nussidex®

Tablets

Composition

Each tablet contains:

Dexchlorpheniramine maleate 1 mg

Pseudoephedrine (as hydrochloride) 25 mg

For information regarding inactive ingredients and allergens, see section 2 – "Important information about some of the ingredients of the medicine" and section 6 -"Additional information"

Read the entire leaflet carefully before using the medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have additional questions, refer to the doctor or the pharmacist.

Use the preparation according to the instructions in the dosage section of this leaflet. Consult the pharmacist if you need more information. Refer to the doctor if signs of the

ailment (symptoms) worsen or do not improve. 1. WHAT IS THE MEDICINE INTENDED FOR?

For the symptomatic treatment of common cold and allergic rhinitis.

Therapeutic class

Dexchlorpheniramine maleate is an antihistamine of the polyamine class.

Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride is an alpha agonist, sympathomimetic decongestant.

2. BEFORE USING THE MEDICINE Do not use the medicine if:

- You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredients or to any of the other ingredients this medicine contains (see details in section 6). Some of the symptoms of an allergic reaction may include: skin rash, breathing difficulties or fainting.
- The patient is a child under 6 years of age.
- You suffer from a heart disease, including hypertension. You have diabetes.
- You suffer from a tumor of the adrenal gland
- (pheochromocytoma). You suffer from an overactive thyroid gland. You suffer from severe kidney failure.
- You suffer from closed-angle glaucoma.
- You are at risk of developing respiratory failure if you have lung disease or breathing difficulties.
- You are being treated with medicines from the monoamine oxidase inhibitors group (MAOI) or within 14 days of discontinuing treatment with them. You are being treated with other decongestants (such
- as medicines for cough and common cold). You are being treated with beta blockers
- Special warnings regarding the use of the medicine

Before treatment with Nussidex, tell the doctor if: You are allergic to other medicines or food.

- You are pregnant, planning to become pregnant,
- breastfeeding or planning to breastfeed (see section 'Pregnancy and breastfeeding"). You suffer or have suffered in the past:
- o From convulsions
 - o From a kidney or liver disease
 - o From an overactive thyroid
 - From a heart disease
 - o From hypertension From increased intraocular pressure
 - $\circ \ \ \text{From prostate gland problems}$
 - From narrowing or blockage between the stomach
 - and the small intestine which causes vomiting From a peptic ulcer $\circ\,$ From difficulty passing urine or from frequent urine

 - passing, for example as a result of prostate gland problems or infection/inflammation of the bladder/ urinary tract o From blockage of arteries or veins (obstructive
 - vascular disease) You are being treated for a thyroid problem
- The medicine may cause dryness of the mouth, nose or throat. If the mouth dryness does not go away after two

weeks, tell your doctor or dentist. Effect on lab tests: Do not take this medicine 48 hours before allergy tests

as this medicine may change the results of allergy tests.

Drug interactions

disorders.

The medicine may cause a positive result in drug tests. The elderly Elderly patients may be sensitive to decongestant

preparations. Using the medicine may cause dizziness, sedation, central nervous system depression effects

(confusion) and low blood pressure. Children and adolescents Nussidex should not be used in children under 6 years of age.

you are taking or have recently taken medicines, including non-prescription medicines and nutritional supplements, tell the doctor or the

Strong/narcotic painkillers (such as: codeine, morphine and dextropropoxyphene).

Tricyclic antidepressants – used for treatment of mood

Sleep medicines. Medicines for treatment of anxiety.

pharmacist. Especially if you are taking:

Anticoagulant medicines (such as warfarin). Monoamine oxidase inhibitors (see above "Do not use

digoxin).

- the medicine if").
- Moclobemide used for treatment of mood disorders. Anticholinergic medicines - used for treatment of
- cramps and spasms (such as atropine). Medicines for lowering blood pressure (such as: guanethidine, methyldopa, adrenergic neuron blockers,
- debrisoquine, bretylium, reserpine and bethanidine). Oxytocin (for inducing labor).

 Preparations that contain ergot alkaloids – used for treatment of migraine (such as: ergotamine and
- methysergide). Anesthetics.
- Stimulants or appetite suppressants and medicines used for treatment of congestion and (sympathomimetic medicines). Cardiac medicines from the class of glycosides - used

for controlling heart rhythm or contractions (such as

Use of the medicine and alcohol consumption Do not drink alcohol during treatment with Nussidex. The medicine may enhance the effect of alcohol and therefore drinking alcohol with the medicine may worsen

the dizziness and drowsiness effects. Pregnancy and breastfeeding If you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you might be

pregnant or are planning to become pregnant, refer to the doctor or pharmacist for consultation before taking this medicine.

Pregnancy Dexchlorpheniramine maleate:

Safety during pregnancy has not been established. During the first two trimesters of pregnancy, use the medicine only if there is a clear need. It is recommended not to use it in the third trimester of

pregnancy, as the fetus may have a severe reaction to antihistamines. Dexchlorpheniramine maleate has been taken by a large number of pregnant women and women of childbearing

age without any proven increase in the frequency of malformations or other direct or indirect harmful effects on the fetus having been observed. Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride:

In spite of being widely used with no harmful effects observed, there is no data on its use during pregnancy. Therefore, consider the benefits of using the medicine against the potential risks during pregnancy. Breastfeeding

Tell your doctor if you are breastfeeding or are planning to breastfeed. Dexchlorpheniramine maleate – is excreted into breastmilk. Pseudoephedrine hydrochloride - is excreted into

breastmilk in small amounts, however the effect on the breastfeeding infant is not known. Do not use the medicine during breastfeeding, unless the

potential benefit of the treatment to the mother is higher than the potential risks to the breastfeeding infant. Driving and operating machinery Use of this medicine may impair alertness and therefore caution should be exercised when driving a vehicle, operating dangerous machinery and during any activity which requires alertness. Children should be cautioned

against riding a bicycle or playing near a road etc.

Sun exposure

This medicine may cause particular sensitivity upon exposure to the sun, therefore avoid exposure to the sun and ensure appropriate protection (long clothes, hat, sunscreens, etc.).

Important information about some of the ingredients of the medicine

Each tablet contains 0.31-0.47 mg sodium. This medicine contains less than 1 mmol of sodium (23 mg) per tablet, and is therefore considered sodium-free.

Each tablet contains 208 mg lactose. If you have been told by the doctor that you have an intolerance to sugars, consult the doctor before taking this medicine.

3. HOW SHOULD YOU USE THE MEDICINE? Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are uncertain

about the dosage and how to use the preparation.

the usual dosage is:

Adults: 1-2 tablets, twice a day.

Children 6-12 years old: one tablet per day.

Do not exceed the recommended dose.

Method of use

The medicine should be taken with or after a meal. No information is available regarding crushing/halving/

swallowed this medicine, go immediately to a hospital emergency room and take the package of the medicine with you. Overdose symptoms include dizziness and breathing difficulties.

If you forgot to take this medicine at the required time, do not take a double dose. Take the next dose at the usual time and consult a doctor.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and the dose every time you take a medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.

As with any medicine, using Nussidex may cause side effects in some users. Do not be alarmed when

If you have any other questions regarding use of the

reading the list of side effects. You may not experience any of them.

risk of side effects Discontinue use and seek medical treatment or refer

- Chest pain. Sudden signs of an allergic reaction (such as: rash,
- blisters, itching and peeling of the skin). Swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat which
- may cause difficulty swallowing or breathing.
- Sudden appearance of fever, redness in the skin, or
- many small pimples an effect that may occur during the first two days of treatment with this medicine.
- visual disturbances.
- An allergic reaction that includes skin rash (which may include blisters and skin peeling) and itching. Agitation or sleep disorders.
- Problems passing urine (especially in men with prostate
- problems). Unusual tiredness, unexpected bruising or bleeding and
- usual. Fast or irregular heartbeat or increased awareness of
- your heartbeat (palpitations). Sudden vision loss - decreased blood supply to the
- ocular nerve (ischemic optic neuropathy). Hallucinations, delusions or paranoia.
- Contact the doctor immediately if any of the following

Wheezing or shortness of breath.

- Fast or irregular heart rate
- Tiredness, headache, dizziness, light-headedness with yellowing of the eyes or skin.
- Difficulty urinating or urinary retention.

Tingling or numbness in the hands and feet.

Headache Common side effects – effects that occur in 1-10 users

out of 100 Dry mouth or nausea

- extreme happiness Somnolence High blood pressure
- Vomiting
- may cause discomfort or pain in the chest, neck, back, jaw, shoulders or arms (angina) Tingling or numbness in the hands and feet
- Inflammation of the large intestine as a result of
- insufficient blood supply (ischemic colitis)
- Mild side effects that usually last for a short time: Drowsiness
 - Thickening of mucus Stuffy nose
- Chest pressure Dryness of the mouth, nose or throat
- If a side effect occurs, if one of the side effects worsens,

Reporting side effects Side effects may be reported to the Ministry of Health by clicking on the link "Report side effects due to medicinal treatment" found on the Ministry of Health website homepage (www.health.gov.il), which will direct you to the

5. HOW TO STORE THE MEDICINE? Avoid poisoning! This medicine and any other medicine must be kept in a closed place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting without an explicit instruction from the doctor.

appearing on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Keep this medicine in a dry place, below 25°C.

Do not discard medicines in wastewater or domestic trash. Ask your pharmacist how to discard medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

Lactose monohydrate, microcrystalline cellulose, sodium starch glycolate, povidone, talc, magnesium stearate, colloidal silicon dioxide, hypromellose, titanium dioxide,

Each package contains 20 or 30 tablets in a blister pack.

What does the medicine look like and what are the

authorization holder:

Teva Israel Ltd.,

contents of the package?

124 Dvora HaNevi'a St., Tel Aviv 6944020. The leaflet was revised in May 2023 in accordance with the Ministry of Health guidelines.

Registration number of the medicine in the national drug registry of the Ministry of Health: 057-17-21688

teva



In the absence of any other instruction from the doctor,

chewing. If you took an overdose or if a child accidentally

4. SIDE EFFECTS

medicine, consult the doctor or the pharmacist.

If you are above 60 years of age, you may be at increased

- to a doctor immediately if any of the following effects occur:

- Sudden abdominal pain or anal bleeding and diarrhea. Severe headache, nausea, vomiting, confusion, fits,
- - Skin rash.
- Increased urination.
- Very common side effects effects that occur in more than one user out of ten
- Sleeping difficulties, nervousness or dizziness Side effects with unknown frequency (effects whose frequency has not yet been determined) Agitation, anxiety, irritability, feeling jittery or feeling of
- Pain during urination
- Very high fever Abdominal pain, abdominal discomfort or diarrhea
- pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, constipation) Lack of appetite
- or if you suffer from a side effect not mentioned in this leaflet, consult your doctor. Side effects and drug interactions in children

online form for reporting side effects, or by clicking on the following link: https://sideeffects.health.gov.il Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date)

macrogol/PEG 400.

Name and address of the manufacturer and marketing

White, round, biconvex tablet.

- contracting more infections (such as common cold) than
- effects occur:
- Hallucinations.
- **Tremors** Heart attack/decreased blood supply to the heart which
- Digestive system disturbances (heartburn, abdominal

6. <u>ADDITIONAL INFORMATION</u> In addition to the active ingredients, the medicine also

Not all package sizes may be marketed.

NUSSIDEX TABS PIL MW0523