



Tipo di materiale		Descrizione			Destinazione		Paese		Codice		Del	
PROSPETTO		ORAMORPH 20 mg/ml - 20 ml			VENDITA		ISRAELE		Q20D797018/R2		03-04-2019	
Formato mm	Formato piegato	N° colori	Colore 1	Colore 2	Colore 3	Colore 4	Laetus		245	Corpo minimo		
300 x 305	150x28	1	Nero									
PELLICOLA DI PROPRIETÀ: L. MOLTENI & C. dei F.lli Alitti						VIETATA LA MANOMISSIONE - RENDERE DOPO LA STAMPA						

**Patient package insert according to Pharmacists' Regulations (Preparations) – 1986**  
This medicine can be sold with a doctor's prescription only  
**Oramorph 20 mg/ml Oral Solution**

**Active ingredient**  
Morphine sulfate  
Each ml (16 drops) contains 20 mg Morphine sulfate.  
For detailed information regarding administration see section 3.  
**Inactive ingredients and allergens in the preparation** see section 6.  
See also important information regarding some of the ingredients in section 2.  
**Read this entire leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine.**  
This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have any further questions, refer to the doctor or pharmacist.  
This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if you think that their medical condition is similar. This is especially important when using this type of medicine, which has been prescribed for you after careful evaluation of the benefit versus the risk of unnecessary use.  
This medicine is not intended for children under three years of age.

Medicines belonging to the opiates family may cause addiction, especially with prolonged use, and they have a potential for misuse and overdose.  
A reaction to opioid overdose can be expressed by slowed breathing and even cause death.  
Make sure you know the name of your medication, your dose, how often to take it, the duration of treatment, its side effects and potential risks.  
Further information can be found at the following link:  
[https://www.health.gov.il/UnitsOffice/HD/MTI/Drugs/risk/Doc/Lbl/opioids\\_en.pdf](https://www.health.gov.il/UnitsOffice/HD/MTI/Drugs/risk/Doc/Lbl/opioids_en.pdf)

**1. What is the medicine intended for?**  
The medicine is intended for the relief of mild to severe pain that does not react to non-opioid analgesics.

**Therapeutic group:** Opioid analgesics  
**2. Before using the medicine**  
**Do not use the medicine if:**

- You are hypersensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient morphine or to any of the ingredients of the medicine (see section 6).
- You suffer from breathing problems, such as: respiratory depression or obstructive airway diseases.
- You suffer from intestinal obstruction (Ileus), severe abdominal pain or slow gastric emptying.
- You suffer from acute liver disease.
- You suffer from a head injury.
- You are heavily addicted to alcohol.
- You are currently taking, or have taken in the last two weeks, a medicine of the monoamine oxidase inhibitors group (MAOIs).
- You are pregnant or breastfeeding.
- Do not use this medicine in children under three years of age.
- The patient is in a prolonged unconscious state or coma.
- You suffer from increased intracranial pressure or spasms.
- You suffer from pheochromocytoma (a benign adrenal tumor)

- Special warnings regarding the use of this medicine**
- Oramorph 20 mg/ml contains morphine, an opioid ingredient, and has a potential of abuse. Take all necessary precautions in order to prevent the medicine from reaching anyone other than the patient.
  - Prolonged use may cause dependency!
  - Keep the medicine in a safe place and out of the reach of children. Unintentional swallowing of the medicine, especially by children, may cause life threatening damage.
  - Do not stop taking the medicine suddenly without consulting a doctor! Cessation of treatment will be according to the doctor's instructions (gradually) in order to avoid withdrawal symptoms such as: restlessness, anxiety, tremor, sweating.
  - Avoid sudden shifts from lying/sitting position to standing in order to prevent dizziness and in extreme cases fainting.
  - If you are about to undergo surgery (including dental) or any other procedure involving anesthesia, you must inform your doctor that you are taking this medicine. Its use is not recommended before a surgery and for up to 24 hours following a surgery, unless instructed by the doctor.
  - Extra caution is required in the elderly, due to their increased sensitivity to the medicine.
  - If you are sensitive to any food or medicine (especially other opioid analgesics), inform the doctor before taking the medicine.

- Before treatment with Oramorph 20 mg/ml tell the doctor if:**
- You are trying to become pregnant.
  - You suffer from impaired function of the respiratory system (such as: bronchial asthma or impaired function of the lungs).
  - You suffer from impaired function of the heart and/or blood vessels (e.g.: hypertension or failure of the right side of the heart, known as Cor pulmonale).
  - You suffer from an adrenal gland disease such as Addison's disease, pheochromocytoma.
  - You suffer from impaired liver function.
  - You suffer from impaired renal/urinary system function.
  - You suffer from impaired gallbladder function.
  - You suffer from impaired function of the gastrointestinal tract (such as inflammatory bowel disease).
  - You suffer from an enlarged prostate (hypertrophy) with residual urine (at risk of the bladder tearing as a result of urine retention).
  - You suffer or have suffered in the past from inflammation of the pancreas (pancreatitis).
  - You suffer or have suffered in the past from underactive thyroid gland (hypothyroidism).
  - You suffer or have suffered in the past from epilepsy or convulsions.
  - You suffer or have suffered in the past from an addiction to alcohol, drugs or medicines.

- You have suffered in the past from withdrawal symptoms following cessation of drug or medicine use, such as: restlessness, anxiety, tremor or sweating.
  - You suffer from scoliosis (kyphoscoliosis).
  - You suffer from obesity.
- If you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines, including non-prescription drugs and nutrition supplements, tell your doctor or pharmacist, inform the doctor or pharmacist especially if you are taking the following medicines (please note that the following list specifies the active ingredients in medicines. If you are not sure whether you are using one of these medicines, please consult the doctor or pharmacist):**
- Medicines that affect the central nervous system (such as: sedatives, sleeping medicines, anticholinergics for allergies, anesthetics for surgery and other opioid analgesics).
  - Medicines for the treatment of certain mental disorders (such as: phenothiazines or antidepressants).
  - Medicines for the treatment of hypertension.
  - Gabapentin (for the treatment of epilepsy or neuropathic pain).
  - Cimetidine (for the treatment of digestive problems such as heartburn, gastric ulcer).
  - Ritonavir (for the treatment of HIV virus /AIDS).
  - Rifampicin (antibiotic).
  - Anticholinergic medicines or medicines with anticholinergic activity (such as: medicines for the treatment of Parkinson's disease, certain anti-nausea and vomiting preparations such as: domperidone, metoclopramide).
  - Mexiletine and esmolol for arrhythmias.
  - Muscle relaxants.
  - Medicines of the monoamine oxidase inhibitors group (MAOIs) - see section 2 Do not use the medicine if '.
  - Voriconazole for the treatment of fungal infections.
  - Buprenorphine, nalbuphine and pentazocine - analgesics.

**Use of this medicine and food**  
The medicine can be taken regardless of meal times.  
**Use of this medicine and alcohol consumption**  
Do not drink alcohol during treatment with this medicine. Drinking alcohol while using this medicine may cause you to feel sleepy.  
**Pregnancy and breastfeeding**  
Do not use the medicine if you are pregnant or breastfeeding.  
**Driving and use of machinery**  
The use of this medicine may impair alertness and therefore requires caution when driving a car, operating dangerous machinery and when engaged in any activity that requires alertness. Children should be warned against riding a bicycle or playing near roads etc.

**Essential information regarding a few of the ingredients of this medicine**  
The medicine contains 0.17 mg/ml of the preservative sodium benzoate. Inform the doctor before taking this medicine (see section 6).

**3. How to use this medicine?**  
Always use according to the doctor's instructions. Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

- The dosage and administration will be determined by the doctor only.**
- Usual recommended dosage is:**  
The dosage will be determined by the doctor according to your age, weight, severity of the pain and your response to the treatment. Usually you should take a dose every 4 to 6 hours.
- Do not exceed the recommended dose.**  
Do not take more than 6 doses a day. If during the treatment you continue to feel pain, refer to the doctor.
- Do not change the dosage without an instruction from the doctor.**

**Tests and follow up**  
During prolonged treatment you must undergo periodic evaluations in order to assess the ongoing need for the medicine. Take the medicine with a sufficient amount of liquid - water or fruit juice. Drink the entire quantity in order to ensure that you have taken the required dosage. The medicine can be taken regardless of the meal times. Mix the drops with the liquid right before taking the medicine.  
Every ml of medicine contains 16 drops.  
2 drops = 2.5 mg morphine sulfate  
4 drops = 5 mg morphine sulfate  
8 drops = 10 mg morphine sulfate  
16 drops = 20 mg morphine sulfate  
24 drops = 30 mg morphine sulfate

**If you have accidentally taken a higher dosage, consult your doctor.** If you have taken an overdose or if a child, or a person other than the patient, have accidentally swallowed the medicine, proceed immediately to a hospital emergency room and bring the package of the medicine with you. Symptoms of overdose may include: nausea, dizziness, extreme sleepiness. In severe cases breathing difficulties may appear, which may cause loss of consciousness and even death. These symptoms require urgent medical assistance.

**If you forget to take this medicine at the set time, take it as soon as you remember, but in any case, there must be a gap of no less than four hours between doses. Never take a double dose to compensate for a forgotten dose.**

**If you stop taking the medicine:** Do not stop taking the medicine suddenly, unless the doctor instructed to do so. If you wish to stop taking the medicine, consult the doctor who will guide you how to do so, in order to not experience withdrawal symptoms such as: restlessness, anxiety, tremor or sweating.

**How can you assist in the success of the treatment?**  
Complete the treatment as recommended by the doctor. Even if there is an improvement in your condition, do not stop the treatment with the medicine without consulting the doctor and even then do it gradually.

- Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and the dose each time you take a medicine. Wear glasses if you need them.
- If you have any further questions regarding the use of this medicine, consult the doctor or pharmacist.

**4. Side effects**  
All medicines, the use of Oramorph may cause side effects in some of the users. Do not be alarmed while reading the list of side effects. You may not suffer from any of them, however if the side effects persist or are bothersome or they worsen, consult the doctor.  
When evaluating side effects, see the following terms for frequency: Very common - a frequency of more than 1 out of 10 patients. Common - less than 1 out of 10 but more than 1 out of 100. Uncommon - less than 1 out of 100 but more than 1 out of 1,000. Rare - less than 1 out of 1,000 but more than 1 out of 10,000. Very rare - less than 1 out of 10,000 or unknown.  
**Stop treatment and refer immediately to a doctor or a hospital emergency room** if the following side effects appear: allergic or anaphylactic reaction (manifests as breathing difficulties, swelling of the face area, the eyelids or the lips, rash and itching in vast areas), respiratory depression, slow and weak breathing, convulsions, heavy dizziness, excessive sweating, severe abdominal pains, intestinal obstruction, loss of consciousness.  
**Additional side effects:**  
**Very common side effects (appear in 1:10 patients):** nausea, constipation (the doctor can prescribe you medicines for these effects).  
**Common side effects (appear in 1:10 to 1:100 patients):** dry mouth, loss of appetite, abdominal pain or discomfort, vomiting, drowsiness, dizziness, headache, confusion, sleeping difficulties, unusual weakness, involuntary muscle contractions, skin rash or itching, sweating.  
**Uncommon side effects (appear in 1:100 to 1:1,000 patients):** indigestion, change in the taste sensation, intestinal obstruction, vertigo (spinning sensation), fainting, convulsions/seizures, restlessness, mood changes, hallucinations, euphoria, muscle stiffness, shortness of breath, wheezing or breathing difficulties, pulmonary edema, numbness or tingling, difficulty passing urine, decrease in blood pressure, facial redness (flushing), palpitations (especially strong, rapid or irregular heartbeats), heart failure, swelling of the hands, ankles or feet, urticaria, increase in liver enzymes, blurred vision, muscle spasms.

**Rare side effects - double vision, nystagmus, chills, low blood sodium levels.**  
**Side effects with unknown frequency -** depressed mood, abnormal thoughts, increase in sensitivity to pain, rapid or slow heartbeats, pupils getting smaller, hypertension, decreased cough reflex, spasmodic abdominal pain, worsening of non-rheumatic symptoms, absence of menstruation, impotence, decrease in sexual drive, vision disturbances, pupil constriction, anaphylactic reaction, developing of dependency and tolerance to the medicine.  
If one of the side effects worsens, or if you experience a side effect not mentioned in this leaflet, consult the doctor.

**Side effects and drug interactions in children and infants**  
Parents must inform the attending doctor about any side effect as well as any additional medicine given to the child. See the above mentioned side effects and drug interactions.  
Side effects can be reported to the Ministry of Health by clicking on the "Reporting side effects following drug treatment" link found on the Ministry of Health homepage ([www.health.gov.il](http://www.health.gov.il)) that directs you to the online form for reporting side effects, or at the following link: <https://forms.gov.il/gabaiata/getsequence/getsequence.aspx?formType=AdversEFTecMedic@mon.gov.il>

**5. How to store the medicine?**

- Avoid storing! This medicine, and all other medicines, must be stored in a safe place out of the reach of children and/or infants to avoid poisoning that may be life threatening. See sections "Special warnings regarding the use of this medicine" and "If you have accidentally taken a higher dosage".
- Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by the doctor.
- Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (exp. date) stated on the package and label. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- After opening the package, Oramorph solution 20 mg/ml is stable for 90 days.
- Storage conditions:  
Store at a temperature below 25°C.  
Store in the original package for protection from light.

**6. Additional Information**

- In addition to the active ingredient, this medicine also contains:**  
Purified water, Citric acid anhydrous, Sodium benzoate, Sodium edetate (glycolate).
- What the medicine looks like and contents of the pack**  
Oramorph 20 mg/ml is a clear and transparent solution in a brown glass bottle containing 20 ml with a calibrated dropper attached.
- Registration holder and importer**  
BioAvenir Ltd.  
1 David Hamelech St.  
Herzliya Pituach 4666101
- Manufacturer**  
L. Molteni & C. Ltd., Scandicci (Florence), Italy
- This leaflet was checked and approved by the Ministry of Health in 07/2015, and was updated according to the Ministry of Health's instructions in 01/2019
- Drug registration number at the national medicines registry of the Ministry of Health:** 153-96-34100-00

Oramorph PIL PB0119-09

**نشرة للمستهلك بموجب أنظمة الصيدلة (مستحضرات) – ١٩٨٦**  
يُسوّى الدواء بوجه وصفة طبيب فقط

**أورامورف ٢٠ ملغ/مل محلول للشرب**

**المادة الفعالة**  
مورفين سولفات Morphine sulfate  
كل مل (١٦ نقطة) يحتوي على ٢٠ ملغ مورفين سولفات.  
لمعلومات مفصلة كيفية الإعطاء أنظر البند ٣.  
المواد غير الفعالة ومواد الحساسية في المستحضر أنظر البند ٦.  
أنظر أيضاً لمعلومات مهمة بخصوص بعض المركبات في البند ٧.

**اقرأ النشرة بعناية قبل أن تتعلم قبل أن تستعمل الدواء.**  
تعري هذه النشرة على معلومات ملخصة عن الدواء. إذا كانت لديك أسئلة إضافية، اسأل الطبيب أو الصيدلي.  
هذا الدواء وصف للمعالجة من الألم، لا تعلمه إلى الآخرين. فهو قد يسبب الضرر لهم حتى إذا بدأ بك أن وضعهم المصحى ممثلاً.  
هذا مهم بشكل خاص عند استعمال دواء من هذا النوع الذي وصف لألئك بعد تقييم صارم للقائمة مقابل المنظر. من استعمالها بدون حاجة، هذا الدواء غير مخصص للأشخاص الذين تقل أعمارهم عن ثلاث سنوات.

**الأدوية من فصيلة الأفيونات قد تسبب الإدمان، خصوصاً عند الاستعمال المتواصل.** ويمكن أن تكون عرضة (لأسامة الاستعادم وفرط الحرجة) رد الفعل تجاه مغادر دوائها فرطاً ويمكن أن يتخطى بنفس بطنه وحتى التسبب بالموت. تأكد من كونه تعرف اسم الدواء، المتفاد الدوائي الذي تتناولوه، وتيرة الإعطاء، فترة العلاج، الأعراض الجانبية والمخاطر المحتملة.  
معلومات إضافية حول مخاطر التعلق والإدمان يمكنك أن تجدها في الرابط: [https://www.health.gov.il/UnitsOffice/HD/MTI/Drugs/risk/Doc/Lbl/opioids\\_ar.pdf](https://www.health.gov.il/UnitsOffice/HD/MTI/Drugs/risk/Doc/Lbl/opioids_ar.pdf)

**١. لأي غرض مخصص الدواء؟**  
الدواء مخصص لتسكين الألم متوسطة حتى قوية إلا لا لتسويج لمسكات الألم غير الأفيونية.

**الفصيلة العلاجية:** مسككات الألم الأفيونية.

**٢. قبل استعمال الدواء:**

- لا يجوز استعمال الدواء إذا:
- كنت حساساً (ألرجي) للتدوية للتدوية مورفين أو لأي واحد من مركبات الدواء الأفيوني (المصنعة في البند ٦)
- كنت تعاني من مشاكل تنفسية مثل: كنت تتنفس أو أمراض كنت مسكك التنفس.
- كنت تعاني من إسهال أو إمساك (إمساك)، أو كونه شديد أو تفرغ بطني للتعلم.
- كنت تعاني من مرض كبدي حاد.
- كنت تعاني من إصابة في الرأس.
- كنت تعاني من إسهال شديد على الكحول.
- كنت تتناول حالياً دواء من عائلة ميعقات مونيامين-أوكسيداز (MAOIs) أو تتناول دواء كينازة خلال الأسبوعين على التعيين.
- كنت حامل أو مرضعة.
- لا يجوز استعمال هذا الدواء لدى الأطفال دون جيل ثلاث سنوات.
- إذا كان المريض في حالة فقدان الوعي أو غيبوبة موصولة (Coma).
- كنت تعاني من زيادة ضغط داخل الجمجمة أو تشنجات.
- كنت تعاني من ورم القواتم (ورم حميد في الكظرية)

**تحذيرات خاصة متعلقة باستعمال الدواء:**  
يجوز استعمال أورامورف ٢٠ ملغ/مل على مرفوفين، مركب أفيوني، ويمكن إساءة استخدامه. يجب استخدامه، وسئل الحذر لمنع وصول الدواء إلى شخص غير المراد.  
قد يؤدي استعمال أورامورف إلى تعدي (إمساك)!

**يجب حفظ الدواء في مكان آمن بعيداً عن متناول الأطفال.** بلع الدواء بشكل غير مقصود، خصوصاً في قبال الأطفال، قد يسبب ضرراً قاتلاً (ببند الحياة).  
لا يجوز التوقف عن تناول هذا الدواء بشكل فجائي من دون إشراف الطبيب؛ يتم توقف العلاج وفقاً لتعليمات الطبيب (بشكل تدريجي) لمنع ظهور أعراض قطع. مثل: قلة النوم، قلة الشهية، ترقق.

**يجب تجنب الأطفال بشكل فجائي من حالة الاستلقاء الحرس إلى الوقوف لمنع الدور** وفي حالات متفرقة الأعمار،

- إذا كنت بصدد تغيير حوض الأحماء (يشمل حوض الأحماء) أو كل إجراء آخر منوط بتغييره، يجب تجنب التعرض من تناول هذا الدواء، لا بوصي بالاستعمال قبل حراصة حتى ٢٤ ساعة بعد الحراصة؛ إلا إذا تأكد الطبيب بذلك.
- يجب توخي الحذر لدى السلسلين؛ أي غفغ حسيستيه الزائدة للدواء.
- إذا كنت حساساً للعدم؛ لا تأكل أو لواء معين (خاصةً المسككات الأفيونية أخرى). عليك أن تلتزم الطبيب بذلك قبل تناول الدواء.

**قبل العلاج بأورامورف ٢٠ ملغ/مل أخبر الطبيب إذا:**

- كنت تتناولون المخدر في حقل.
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة جهاز التنفس (مقل: الزبوع القصبي أو حقل في وظيفة الرئتين).
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة القلب أو الأوعية الدموية (مثل: استعمال مضيق منضج أو حقل في القلب الأيمن من قلب، يعرف بقلب الرئوي - Cor pulmonale).
- كنت تعاني من مرض في الكلى الكظرية (Aldrenil)، مثل: مرض ليوسون، ورم القواتم.
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة الكلى.
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة الكلى، جهاز البول.
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة المرارة.
- كنت تعاني من حقل في وظيفة جهاز الهضم (مثل مرض معي التهابي).
- كنت تعاني من تضخم غدة البروستات (hypertrophy) مع بقايا بول (باختنار لتفرق في المثانة نتيجة لتخاميل البول).
- كنت تعاني أو عانيت في الماضي من التهاب في البنكرياس (pancreatitis).
- كنت تعاني أو عانيت في الماضي من قصور في نشاط الغدة الكظرية (hypothyroidism).
- كنت تعاني أو عانيت في الماضي من صراع أو تشنجات.
- كنت تعاني أو عانيت في الماضي من إدمان على الكحول، المخدرات أو الأدوية.
- كنت تعاني من أعراض فقدان النوم، فقدان الشهية، أو آفات بقاء استعمال أوية أو مخدرات، مثل: قلة النوم، قلة الشهية أو ترقق.
- كنت تعاني من حقل خاضعاً (kyphoscoliosis).
- كنت تعاني من سمنة مفرطة.

إذا كنت تتناول، أو تتناول في الأوية الأخيرة، أوية أخرى بما في ذلك أوية بدون وصفة طبيب وإضافات تعديّة، أخبر الطبيب أو الصيدلي بذلك. على وجه الخصوص يجب تجنب التعديب أو الصيدلي إذا كنت تتناول الأدوية التالية (يجب بالذكر بأن