This medicine can be sold with a physician's prescription only

Pregabalin Dexcel 25, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 225, 300 mg, Capsules

Active ingredient: Each capsule contains Pregabalin at a dose of 25, 50, 75, 100, 150, 200, 225, 300 mg, respectively.

Inactive ingredients and allergens in the medicine - see section 6 "Additional information" and in section 2 "Important information about some of the ingredients of the medicine".

Read this entire leaflet carefully before using this medicine. This leaflet contains concise information about the medicine. If you have any further questions, ask the physician or pharmacist.

This medicine has been prescribed for you. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if it seems that their medical condition is the same as yours.

This medicine is not intended for treatment of children and adolescents below the age of 18 years.

1. What is the medicine used for?

For the treatment of neuropathic pain in adults, for the treatment of Fibromyalgia and for the treatment of Generalised Anxiety Disorder (GAD) in adults.

Therapeutic group: A gamma-aminobutyric acid analog.

2. Before using this medicine Do not use this medicine if:

·You are sensitive (allergic) to the active ingredient (Pregablin) or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (see section 6).

Special warnings regarding the use of this medicine

Talk to your doctor before taking this medicine.

- Some patients taking Pregabalin have reported allergic effects. These effects include swelling of the face, lips, tongue and throat, as well as diffuse skin rash. If you experience one or more of these effects, refer to a doctor immediately.
- The medicine may cause dizziness and somnolence, such that elderly patients taking the medicine are at increased risk of falls and injuries. Exercise caution until you become accustomed to the effect of the medicine on you.
- The medicine may cause blurring or loss of vision, or other changes in eyesight, most of which are transient. Inform the doctor immediately of any change in your vision.
- In some patients with diabetes, who gain weight while taking the medicine, the dosage of medicines for lowering the blood sugar level may have to be adjusted.
- · Certain side effects, such as sleepiness, may be more common, because patients with spinal injury may be taking other medicines to treat pain and spasticity, which have side effects similar to those of Pregabalin and their severity may increase when these are taken together.
- Heart failure has been reported in a number of patients who took Pregabalin, mostly in elderly patients with heart and cardiovascular diseases. Before starting use of the medicine, inform the

doctor if you are suffering, or have suffered in

the past, from a heart disease. · A few cases of kidney failure associated with treatment with Pregabalin have been reported. vou notice decreased urination during the treatment with the medicine, inform the doctor. as discontinuation of treatment with the medicine may bring an improvement

· Suicidal thoughts or suicidal behavior have been reported in a small number of patients who were treated with medicines which belong to the antiepileptics group such as Pregabalin. You and your family members should pay attention to any changes in mood and behavior patterns.

In case of onset of such thoughts at any stage refer to the doctor immediately

- · Combination of Pregabalin with other medicines which might cause constipation (e.g., certain types of analgesics), may cause gastrointestinal problems (e.g., constipation, blocked or paralyzed bowel). Inform the doctor if you are suffering from constipation, especially if you are prone to constipation.
- Before commencing use of the medicine, inform the doctor if you are suffering, or have suffered in the past, from addiction to or dependence on alcoholic beverages, drugs or any medicines. Do not take a higher dosage than that which has been prescribed for you.
- · Convulsions may occur during treatment with the medicine or immediately after its discontinuation inform the doctor immediately if you are suffering from convulsions.
- Reduced brain functioning (encephalopathy) has been reported in a number of patients with other underlying ailments. Inform the doctor if you are aware of any serious medical conditions, including liver or kidney diseases.
- There have been reports of breathing difficulties. If you have nervous system disorders, respiratory disorders, renal impairment, or you are older than 65, your doctor may prescribe you a different dosing regimen. Contact your doctor if you experience trouble breathing or shallow breaths.

Drug interactions

If you are taking, or if you have recently taken any other medicines, including non-prescription medicines and nutritional supplements, tell the doctor or pharmacist.

Especially, if you are taking:

Pregabalin and certain other medicines may have mutual influences on activity. When taken with certain medicines, that have sedative effects (including opioids). Pregabalin may potentiate these effects and lead to respiratory failure, coma and death. The degree of dizziness, sleepiness and decreased concentration may be increased if Pregabalin is taken together with:

- Oxvcodone a painkiller
- Lorazepam a medicine for treating anxiety

Pregabalin may be taken with oral contraceptives.

Taking this medicine with food

The medicine can be taken without regard to meals

Taking this medicine with alcohol

Do not consume alcohol during the treatment with the medicine.

Pregnancy, breastfeeding and fertility

Do not use Pregabalin during pregnancy or when breastfeeding, unless the doctor has instructed you to do so after consulting with him.

Women who may become pregnant during the treatment with the medicine must use effective contraceptive measures.

Consult a doctor or pharmacist before using the medicine if you are pregnant or breastfeeding, think you may be pregnant or planning to become pregnant.

Driving and using machines

Do not drive or operate dangerous machinery until you know how the medicine affects you, since use of this medicine may cause dizziness. drowsiness or decreased concentration.

Important information regarding some of the ingredients of the medicine

Pregabalin Dexcel 50 mg contains Allura red AC (E129), which may cause allergic reactions.

3. How to use this medicine

Always use this medicine according to the doctor's instructions. Check with the doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure about the dosage and the treatment regimen of the medicine.

The dosage and the treatment regimen will be determined by the doctor only.

Do not exceed the recommended dose!

Swallow the capsule whole. There is no information regarding the opening and dispersing the contents of the capsule, since such forms of administration have not been tested. Swallow the medicine with water

If you have accidentally taken a higher dose, you may suffer from the following effects: sleepiness. confusion, agitation, restlessness. In addition, there have been reports of fits (convulsions)

If you have taken an overdose or if a child has accidentally swallowed the medicine, proceed immediately to a doctor or a hospital emergency room and bring the package of the medicine with you.

If you forget to take this medicine at the required time

It is important to take the medicine every day at a set time. If you forgot to take this medicine at the designated time, do not take a double dose. Take the next dose at the usual time and consult the doctor

Adhere to the treatment as recommended by the doctor.

If you stop taking this medicine

Even if there is an improvement in your health do not stop treatment with the medicine without consulting the doctor. If a decision is made to discontinue treatment, discontinuation of

treatment with the medicine must be gradual. over a period of at least one week.

After stopping treatment with the medicine (whether the treatment was short-term or longterm), you may experience; insomnia, headaches, nausea, anxiety, flu-like symptoms, convulsions, nervousness, depression, pain, dizziness, sweating and diarrhea. These effects may be more common and more severe if the medicine has been taken for a longer period of time.

Do not take medicines in the dark! Check the label and dose each time you take the medicine. Wear glasses if you need them. If you have further questions on the use of this medicine, consult the doctor or pharmacist.

. Side effects

Like any medicines, the use of Pregabalin can Rare side effects (effects that appear in 1-10 cause side effects in some users. Do not be out of 10,000 users) alarmed when reading the list of side effects. You • Abnormal sense of smell, swinging vision, change may not suffer from any of them.

Refer to a doctor immediately if you suffer from swelling of the face or tongue or a severe skin reaction (the skin reddens and becomes covered with blisters or peels).

Very common side effects (effects that appear in more than 1 out of 10 users): Dizziness, drowsiness, headaches

Common side effects (effects that appear in 1-10 out of 100 users):

- Increased appetite.
- Feeling of elation, confusion, disorientation. decrease in sexual interest, irritability, clumsiness,
- Concentration or memory impairment, memory loss, tremor, speech disturbance, tingling sensation, numbness, sedation, letharqy, insomnia, fatigue, feeling abnormal.
- · Blurred vision, double vision.
- Vertigo, balance disorders, falls.
- Dry mouth, constipation, vomiting, flatulence, diarrhea, nausea, swollen abdomen.
- Erection problems.
- Swelling of the body including the extremities
- Feeling drunk, abnormal style of walking.
- Weight gain.
- Muscle cramps, joint pain, back and limb pains.

· Sore throat. Uncommon side effects (effects that appear in

1-10 out of 1,000 users)

Loss of appetite, weight loss, decreased blood sugar level, increased blood sugar level.

- Change in self-perception, restlessness, depression, agitation, mood swings, difficulty finding words, hallucinations, abnormal dreams, panic attacks, apathy, aggression, elevated mood, mental impairment, difficulty with thinking, increase in sexual interest, problems with sexual functioning, delayed ejaculation.
- Vision changes including loss of peripheral vision, nystagmus, flashes of light, ierky movements. reduced reflexes, increased activity, dizziness on standing, skin sensitivity, loss of taste, burning sensation, tremor on movement, decreased consciousness, loss of consciousness, fainting, increased sensitivity to noise, feeling unwell.
- Dry eves, eve swelling or pain, weak eves, water eyes, eye irritation.
- Heart rhythm disturbances, increased heart rate. low or high blood pressure, changes in heartbeat. heart failure.

- Flushing, hot flushes.
- Difficulty breathing, dry nose, nasal congestion.
- Increased saliva production, heartburn, numbness around the mouth
- Sweating, rash, chills, fever.
- · Muscle twitching, joint swelling, muscle stiffness, pain including muscle pain, neck pain.
- Breast pain.
- · Difficulty with or painful urination, incontinence.
- · Weakness, thirst, chest tightness. Changes in blood and liver function tests (increase
- in blood creatine phosphokinase, increased liver enzymes, decreased platelets, neutropenia, increase in blood creatinine, decrease in blood potassium).
- Hypersensitivity, swollen face, itchiness, hives, runny nose, nose bleed, cough, snoring.
- Painful menstrual periods.
- Cold hands and feet.

- in depth perception, visual brightness, vision loss.
- Dilated pupils, crossed eves.
- Cold sweat, irritation of the throat, swollen tongue.
- · Inflammation of the pancreas.
- · Difficulty in swallowing.
- Slower or reduced movement of the body.
- Difficulty with writing.
- · Edema in the abdominal area.
- · Fluid in the lungs.
- Convulsions.
- ·Changes in ECG which correspond to heart rhythm disturbances.
- Muscle damage.
- Breast discharge, abnormal breast growth, breast growth in males.
- Menstrual period disturbances.
- Kidney failure, reduced urine volume, urinary retention.
- Decrease in white blood cell count in blood test.
- Abnormal behavior.
- Allergic reactions (may be manifested by: breathing difficulties, inflammation of the eves [keratitis] and a serious skin reaction characterized by rash, blisters, peeling skin and pain).
- Jaundice (vellowing of the skin and the whites of the eves).

Very rare side effects (effects that appear in less than 1 out of 10,000 users)

- Hepatic failure.
- Hepatitis.

Certain side effects, such as sleepiness, may be more common, because patients with spinal injury may be taking other medicines to treat pain and spasticity, which have side effects similar to those of Pregabalin and their severity may increase when these are taken together.

If a side effect occurs, if any of the side effects worsen, or if you suffer from a side effect not mentioned in the leaflet, consult with the doctor.

The following adverse reactions have been reported in the postmarketing experience:

Trouble breathing, shallow breaths Side effects can be reported to the Ministry of Health via the link

"דיווח על תופעות לוואי עקב טיפול תרופתי that can be found on the home page of the Ministry of Dexcel® Ltd. Health website (www.health.gov.il) directing to 1 Dexcel St., Or Akiva 3060000, Israel the online form of adverse events reporting or via the following link: https://sideeffects.health.gov.il

5. How to store the medicine

- · Avoid poisoning! This medicine and any other medicine must be stored in a closed place out of the reach and sight of children and/or infants in order to avoid poisoning. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly instructed to do so by the doctor.
- Do not use the medicine after the expiry date (תאריך תפוגה) stated on the package. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- Storage conditions: Store at a temperature below 25°C.

6. Additional information

In addition to the active ingredient, the medicine also contains:

Gelatine. Starch pregelatinized. Magnesium stearate, Titanium dioxide (E171), Printing ink.

Pregabalin Dexcel 25 and 50 mg capsules also contain Mannitol.

Pregabalin Dexcel 50 mg capsules also contain: Allura red AC (E129), Brilliant blue FCF

Pregabalin Dexcel 75, 100, 200, 225, 300 mg capsules also contain: Yellow iron oxide (E172) Red iron oxide (E172).

Pregabalin Dexcel 75, 100 and 300 mg also contain: Black iron oxide (E172).

What the medicine looks like and contents of the pack: Pregabalin Dexcel 25 mg; a white capsule with

the word "DP25" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 50 mg: a white and grey

capsule with the word "DP50" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 75 mg: a white and brown

capsule with the word "DP75" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 100 mg: a brown capsule with the word "DP100" imprinted.

Pregabalin Dexcel 150 mg: a white capsule with the word "DP150" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 200 mg: an orange capsule

with the word "DP200" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 225 mg: an orange and white capsule with the word "DP225" imprinted. Pregabalin Dexcel 300 mg: a brown and white

capsule with the word "DP300" imprinted.

Authorized pack size: 56 capsules. Revised in February 2021 according to MOHs auidelines.

Registration numbers of the medicine in the National Drug Registry of the Ministry of Health:

Pregabalin Dexcel 25 mg: 158-72-34727-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 50 mg: 158-73-34728-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 75 mg: 158-74-34729-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 100 mg: 158-75-34730-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 150 mg: 158-76-34731-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 200 mg: 158-77-34732-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 225 mg: 158-78-34733-00 Pregabalin Dexcel 300 mg: 158-79-34695-00

Pregabalin Dexcel PIL PB0521-08

Manufacturer and registration holder: